Exhibit 1.1: Distribution of Mathematics Achievement


Note: Seven countries and 1 benchmarking entity participated in the TIMSS Numeracy assessment: Bahrain, Indonesia, Iran, Jordan, Kuwait, Morocco, and South Africa as well as Buenos Aires. Except for Jordan and South Africa, they also participated in the TIMSS fourth grade assessment and their mathematics achievement results are based on an average of both assessments

The TIMSS achievement scale was established in 1995 based on the combined achievement distribution of all countries that participated in TIMSS 1995. To provide a point of reference for country comparisons, the scale centerpoint of 500 was located at the mean of the combined achievement distribution. The units of the scale were chosen so that 100 scale score points corresponded to the standard deviation of the distribution.
$\psi$ Reservations about reliability because the percentage of students with achievement too low for estimation exceeds $15 \%$ but does not exceed $25 \%$. See Appendix C. 1 tor target population coverage notes 1, 2, and 3. See Appendix C. 7 tor sampling guidelines and sampling participation notes $\dagger$, $\ddagger$, and $\ddagger$.
() Standard errors appear in parentheses. Because of rounding some results may appear inconsistent.

## Exhibit 1.1: Distribution of Mathematics Achievement (Continued)



